

Industrial Revolution was the process in which modern tools & methods were used with labour and capital in a factory or mill system in order to produce goods in a large quantity with less time & cost.

Industrial Revolution was, then, marked in England due to following factors.

### FACTORS RESPONSIBLE

#### \* Geographical factors :-

Marina activities were rehashed at peak due to its placement as an island due to large coastland.



\* The ~~to~~ coal & mine industries leads to a better definition of trade

Political factors

\* The techniques of modernisation were privileged there

\* The capitalists were a boon.

Marginalisation of centralised attitude  
\* Political factors - highly pro capitalist

\* Economic factors -  
\* Along with Industrial revolution England suffered with  
\* Along with growth of banking & at favourable place  
\* witnessed the growth of filled pockets were at  
\* Due to Industrialisation the gap b/w rich & poor  
\* was increasing, leading to, <sup>but</sup> worsened quality of life,  
\* There after the lives of people were not in a  
\* deteriorated quality

✓ The lives of the children, women & workers in the slum were in sub-human conditions.

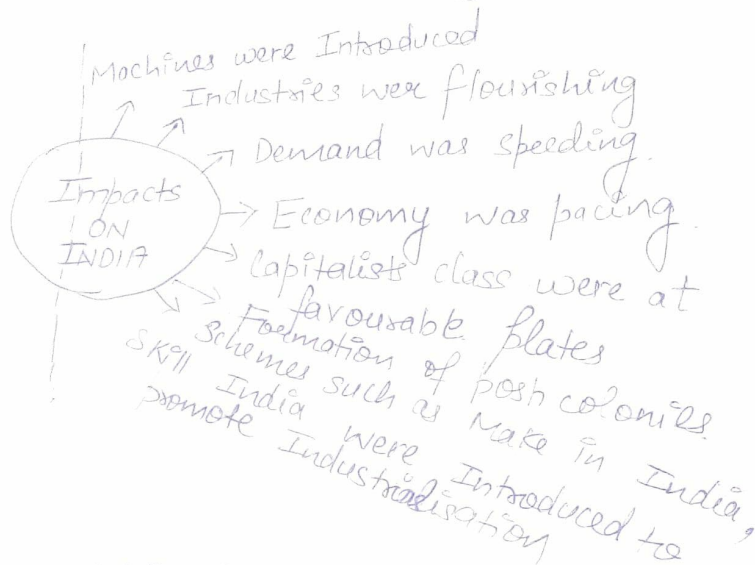
✓ They suffered with many diseases & malnutrition  
✓ The working conditions in the factories & mills was not regulated initially.

✓ No laws related to working hours, holiday, Insurance, due to Injury, Job Protection,  
✓ Great philosophers & poets were demanding Justice.  
✓ Art & culture was ~~more of a~~ depicting the cry of exploitation.

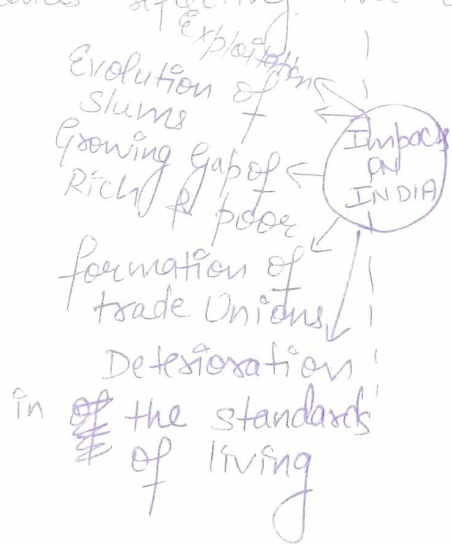
\* ~~To~~ Compare the quality of life in India with that of Europe is a preferable ~~task~~

pattern was possible.

Due to the liberalisation, privatisation & Globalisation era, Industrial Revolution was flourishing here as well.



of Industrialisation  
Also, this ~~also~~ lead to the other ~~side~~ socio-economic consequences reflecting the other part of the frame



Thus, a prominent imbibe of ~~shift~~ shift has been seen but still we can see that Agriculture is the primary source of livelihood for about 58% of population generating 14.1% of GDP. Thus, we were in the mid-century & still, the deprecate facet is made to Improve by various schemes such as "Padega India tabhi to badhega Indici" & so on to implicate hope