

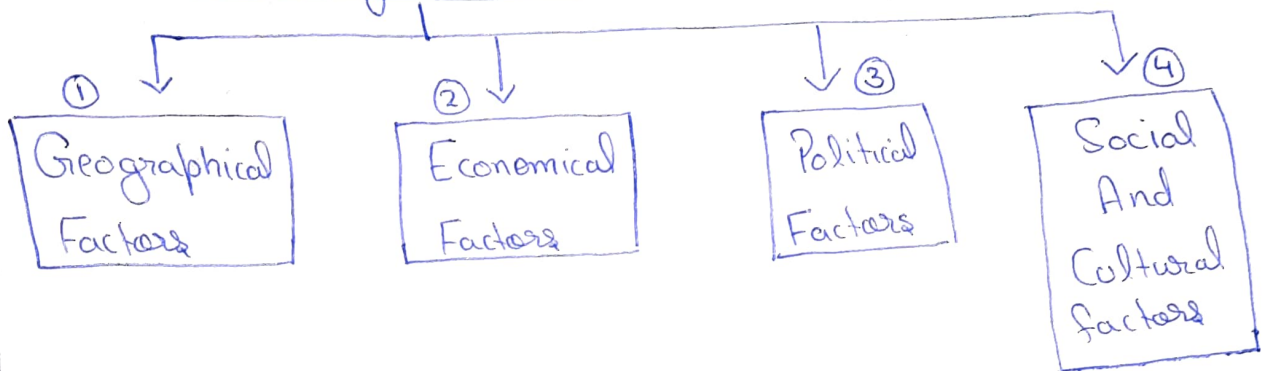
① Why did the Industrial revolution first occur in England
Discuss the quality of life of the People during Industrial
ization. How close it compare with that in India at
Present time.

I - Meaning of Industrial Revolution

Industrial Revolution is the process of using Modern
tools And method with labour And Capital in
the factory system in order to produce more goods.

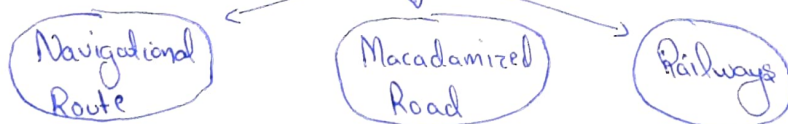
II - Various factors Responsible for Industrial Revolution

in England Are



① Geographical Factors

- a) England is an island have a large Coast which helped in Maritime Activities
- b) England had vast Reservoir of Coal & Iron which was important for Industrial Revolution.
- c) Various other infrastructure were developed are



② Economical Factors

- a) Capital accumulation was maximum in England because of these Maritime Activities.
- b) The availability of loan for Industry, Many Banks & Financial Institution were set up.
- c) Technical And training Institution were developed And helped in Accelerating the Industrial Revolution.

③ Political Factors

- a) The govt was Pro-Capitalist And govt helped in Making law favourable to Capitalist in England.

④ Socio - Cultural Factors

- a) Society of England was more liberal.
- b) The People of England unlike East Europeans, were free from the Control of Church And loved new ideas which held innovation And new discoveries.

III Life of People during Industrial Revolution

- 1) Two Major Classes were born due to industrial Revolution, Capitalist Class & Industrial workers.
- 2) Increase in the Gap of living Standard between Capitalist Class & Industrial workers.
- 3) The life of the worker, women & childrens in the Slum was in Sub human Condition.

4) Industrial Revolution Brought two type of Colonies in the same city, the Rich Colonies & the Slums.

IV Comparison between England And India

England

i) In England there is Capitalistic Approach.

ii) England Primarily focused on Industrial development.

iii) In England, Govt had Pro-Capitalist approach

iv) In England, there is Exploitation of Labour

India

i) In India there is Socialistic Approach.

ii) India, focused on Agricultural development.

iii) In India, the govt is Welfare govt.

iv) In India, fundamental Rights are given to the Labour for their Protection.

V Conclusion

Industrialisation led to emergence of both positive development as well as negative development.

& Industrial Revolution led to the Complete Change in Industrial Development.